# A NEW FORCE IN CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING Unit 2, 14-16 Lee Holm Road St Marys NSW 2760 Australia Ph: 1300 738 250 (Australia) Ph: +61 2 9833 9766 (International) Fax: 02 9623 3670 Sales@chemtools.com.au

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**ISSUED SEPTEMBER 2014 (VALID 5 YEARS FROM DATE OF ISSUE)** 

# **SG SILVER GAL AEROSOL**

#### **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL**

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**PRODUCT NAME** Silver Gal Aerosol

**PRODUCT TYPE** Protective Primer paint in aerosol form

PART NUMBER CT-SG-400 AVAILABLE SIZES 400g

### **SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS	CAS#	%	HSIS TWA	HSIS STEL
Aromatic hydrocarbons	63231-51-6	10-30	50ppm (191mg/m³)	150ppm (574mg/m³)
Acetone	67-64-1	30-60	500ppm (1185mg/m³)	1000ppm (2375mg/m³)
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	10-30	400ppm (760mg/m³)	500ppm (950mg/m³)
Zinc Powder Non-hazardous ingredients	7440-66-6	<10 To 100		

## **SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Hazard Classification: Hazardous Substance, Dangerous Goods. According to the criteria of SafeWork Australia

and the ADG Code

F+, Xi, Xn

**Risk Phrases:** R12 Extremely Flammable.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Safety Phrases: S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S2 Keep out of reach of children.

S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S29 Do not empty into drains.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately

S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data

sheet.

S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; seek medical advice immediately and

show this container or label.

S9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Overview: POISON! DANGER! HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR

ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. VAPOR HARMFUL. FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY AFFECT LIVER, KIDNEYS, BLOOD SYSTEM, OR CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. CAUSES

IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.

Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, Inhalation, Eyes

**Potential Health Effects** 

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory tract irritation. High concentrations of vapours may cause

headache, fatigue, drowsiness and dizziness.

**Skin contact:** May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause skin irritation. Product has a defatting effect

on skin. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of skin.

**Eye contact:** Contact with eyes will cause irritation.

#### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If symptoms develop and persist, get medical attention.

**Skin contact:** Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing

before reuse.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Eye contact:** Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush with copious amounts of

water, preferably, lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open all the

time. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water Rinse mouth thoroughly. Loosen

any tight clothing. Keep individual calm. Obtain medical attention. If there are signs of intoxication (drunkenness) then serious health effects may follow (depending on the amount swallowed or inhaled). Treat unconsciousness by placing the person in the coma position. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stops. Immediate medical attention

should be sought and the affected person transferred and accompanied to the care of a

doctor or hospital.

#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point: -81°C (Closed Cup) Propellant

**Autoignition temperature:** 431°C (Propellant)

Flammable/Explosive

limits-lower %: 1.5

Flammable/Explosive

limits-upper %: 10

**Extinguishing media:** Alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Special firefighting procedures:** Use water to cool exposed containers. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition

leading to violent ruptures of containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Spills and leaks may be washed away with copious volumes of water, fog, or spray. For major fires or where the atmosphere is oxygen deficient or contains unacceptable levels of combustion products, fire-fighters must wear self-contained breathing apparatus

with full face mask and protective clothing.

Unusual fire or explosion

hazards: None

**Hazardous combustion** 

products: Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water

sources.

Hazchem Code: 2[Y]

#### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Environmental precautions:** Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate well. Use approved respirator if air

contamination is above accepted level. Prevent product from entering drains or open

waters.

**Clean-up methods:** Soak up with inert absorbent. Store in a partly filled, closed container until disposal.

#### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Handling:** Wear suitable protective clothing. A void contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid

breathing vapour and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage:** For safe storage, store at or below 38°C (100°F). Keep in a cool, well-ventilated area away

from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed until ready for use. Store

in accordance with AS 3833-96 and local regulations.

**Incompatible products:** Refer to Section 10.

## SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering controls:** No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if

concentrations exceed occupational exposure limits.

**Respiratory protection:** Use NIOSH approved respirator if there is potential to exceed exposure limit(s).

**Skin protection:** Use impermeable gloves and protective clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

Neoprene gloves. butyl rubber gloves.

**Eye/face protection:** Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Eye wash facilities should be provided in

all areas where the product is handled.

See Section 2 for exposure limits.

#### **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical state: Aerosol.

Colour: Opaque, silver.
Odour: Organic, Aromatic.

pH: Not available
Boiling point/range: 56-110°C. Bulk
Melting point/range: -95°C Bulk

**Specific gravity:** 0.8 at 20°C. Bulk

Vapour density: 3.14 at 20°C (air=1) Bulk

**Evaporation rate:** 2.24 (ASTM D-3539, nBuAc=1) Bulk

**Solubility in water:** Partially soluble.

#### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of use.

**Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

**products:** Oxides of carbon.

**Incompatibility:** Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Chlorine, Nitrogen tetroxide

**Conditions to avoid:** See "Handling and Storage" (Section 7) and "Incompatibility" (Section 10).

#### **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity and irritation:**

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compounds.

#### ACETONE:

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TOXICITY IRRITATION

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Oral (man) TD}_{\text{Lo}}\text{: 2857 mg/kg} & \text{Eye (human): 500 ppm - Irritant} \\ \text{Oral (rat) LD}_{\text{50}}\text{: 5800 mg/kg} & \text{Eye (rabbit): 3.95 mg - SEVERE} \\ \text{Inhalation (human) TC}_{\text{Lo}}\text{: 500 ppm} & \text{Eye (rabbit): 20mg/24hr - Moderate} \\ \text{Inhalation (man) TC}_{\text{Lo}}\text{: 12000 ppm/4 hr} & \text{Skin (rabbit): 395mg (open) - Mild} \\ \text{Inhalation (man) TC}_{\text{Lo}}\text{: 10 mg/m}^3\text{/6 hr} & \text{Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24hr - Mild} \\ \end{array}$ 

Inhalation (rat)  $LC_{50}$ : 50100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/8 hr Dermal (rabbit)  $LD_{50}$ : 20000 mg/kg

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling epidermis. The acute toxicity of acetone is low. Acetone is not a skin irritant or sensitiser but is a defatting agent to the skin.

#### AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS:

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

NOTE: Insufficient information to identify possible hazards, including the chronic health effects, of this particular substance.

#### NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, LIGHT AROMATIC SOLVENT:

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

#### **TOXICITY IRRITATION**

Oral (rat)  $LD_{50}$ : >5000 mg/kg \* Nil Reported Inhalation (rat)  $LC_{50}$ : >3670 ppm/8 h \* Inhalation (rat)  $TC_{L0}$ : 1320 ppm/6h/90D- I

Lifetime exposure of rodents to gasoline produces carcinogenicity although the relevance to humans has been questioned. Gasoline induces kidney cancer in male rats as a consequence of accumulation of the alpha2-microglobulin protein in hyaline droplets in the male (but not female) rat kidney.

\* [Devoe]

#### SOLVENT NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, LIGHT ALIPHATIC:

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. Lifetime exposure of rodents to gasoline produces carcinogenicity although the relevance to humans has been questioned. Gasoline induces kidney cancer in male rats as a consequence of accumulation of the alpha2-microglobulin protein in hyaline droplets in the male (but not female) rat kidney.

#### DIMETHYL ETHER:

Further information: May cause cardiac arrhythmia. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

TOXICITY

Dermal : not applicable
Oral : not applicable

Inhalation  $LC_{50}$ : 164000 ppm/4h, (rat)

Respiratory effects
Anaesthetic effects

Central nervous system depression narcosis Cardiac irregularities

#### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Acute Toxicity** Fish: LC<sub>50</sub> 10-100mg/l/96hr **Mobility:** Partly dissolves in water

If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater

**Persistence/degradability:** Biodegradable and volatile.

**Environmental Fate:** 

When released into the soil, this material may evaporate to a moderate extent. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released into water, this material may evaporate to a moderate extent. When released into water, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material is expected to have a half-life of less than 1 day. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. This material has a log octanol-water partition coefficient of less than 3.0. Bioconcentration factor = 13.2 (eels)

#### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Recommended method** 

of disposal: Recover or recycle if possible. Dispose of according to Federal, State and local

governmental regulations.

**Container Disposal:** Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks

and fire. Recycle if possible.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ADG:

Proper shipping name: Aerosols UN No.: 1950 Class: 2.1



Hazchem code: 2[Y]
Packing group: none

IMDG:

Proper shipping name: Aerosols
Identification No.: 1950
Class: 2
Packing group: none
Marine pollutant: No

IATA (country variations may occur):

Proper shipping name: Aerosols
Identification No.: UN 1950
Class: 2.1
Packing group: none

#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Poisons Schedule (SUSDP): none

#### **SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION**

**Abbreviations/Acronyms:** ACGIH – American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists.

ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

HSIS - Hazardous Substances Information System.

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NIOSH – National Institute of Occupational Health and Safety. NOHSC – National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit. STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit.

SUSDP – Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons.

TLV – Threshold Limit Value.
TWA – Time Weighted Average.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

The information contained within this MSDS applies only to the Chemtools product to which the sheet relates.

The information provided is based on our best knowledge at the time of issue.

The information contained within this MSDS is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith. However, no warranty is made, either expressed or implied, regarding its accuracy or any liability arising out of the use of the information herein or the product supplied.

When used in other preparations, formulations, or in mixtures, it is necessary to ascertain whether the classifications of the hazards have changed. The attention of the user is drawn to the possibility of creating other hazards when the product is used for purposes other than that for which it was recommended. In such cases, a reassessment may be necessary and should be made by the user.

This safety data sheet should only be used and reproduced in order that the necessary measures are taken relating to the protection of health and safety at work.

It is the responsibility of the handlers to pass on the totality of the information contained within this document to any subsequent person(s) who will come in to contact with, handle or use this product in any way.

They should check the adequacy of the information provided within this MSDS before passing it on to their customers/staff.